The African Takaful Reinsurance Company (Africa Retakaful)

"How to start a Takaful Company"

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How to set up a Takaful Company Policies, Procedures, Accounting.....

Key Functions:

-Legal and Regulatory Framework.

-Management and Corporate Governance.

-Technical Framework.

- Investment.

Legal and Regulatory Framework

- Governing Law/s

- * Domestic Regulations.
- * International Best Practice.

- Regulators

- *Formulation of regulations and policies.
- *Supervision.
- *Enactment of laws.

-Minimum Capital Requirement

- * To meet legal requirement for incorporation .
- * Strengthen the financial capacity.
- * Support business expansion .
- * Safeguard the takaful fund .

- Sharia' Supervisory Board

- *Required by law to :-
 - Determine the Sharia' rulings on all transactions.
 - -Ensure compliance with Sharia' principles and provisions.
- Supreme Sharia' Supervisory Board
 - *Required by law to :-
 - Serve as reference point to settle disputes involving Sharia' issues .
- Memorandum and Articles of Association
- Standards Setting Bodies

Management and Corporate Governance:

- Shareholders' General Assembly.
- Policyholders' General Assembly.
- Board of Directors .
- Top Management.

The key to successful operation is recruiting the right personnel who have;

- Commitment.
- Dedication .
- Relevant experience

Technical Framework:

- a)Takaful Model.
 - Pure Mudaraba.
 - Pure Wakala.
 - Combined Model .
 - Others .
- b) Application / Proposal Forms .
 Contract / Policy Wording .
- c) General Principles Governing the Contract / Policy.
 - Co-operative Insurance (Sharia' Compliance).
 - Mgt. Expenses / Wakala Fee.
 - Surplus .
 - Liquidation .

d) Accounting:

Segregation of Funds:

- Two Distinct Separate Accounts:
 - i. Policyholders' Account
 - Contributions (Premiums).
 - Claims.
 - Reserves and Provisions .
 - Retakaful Contributions.
 - Mgt. Expenses / Wakala Fee .
 - Investment Returns .
 - Surplus.
 - ii. Shareholders' Account:
 - Capital.
 - Legal Reserves.
 - Investment Returns.
 - Mgt. Expenses / Wakala Fee .

e) Information Technology

- Efficient use of information technology in all operations (U/W , Claims , Retakaful , Marketing etc) to;
 - * meet customers' expectations .
 - * reduce overall expenses .

f) Production and Marketing

Production

- Product Design
 - Information gathering to identify consumers' demand and expectations.
 - Data analysis.
 - Design 100% takaful products in terms of coverage and benefits instead of (another products approach).

Product Pricing

- Consumers would be expecting competitive prices for takaful products.
- The following principles should be taken into consideration when pricing takaful products.

Adequacy.

Reasonability - not excessive.

Flexibility - responsive to market and changing economic conditions.

Marketing

- Marketing Plan
- Business Portfolio.
- Target Customers .
- i. Primary targets
- ii. Secondary targets .
- Geographical Coverage
- 2. Distribution Channels:
- Direct sales force.
- Agents .
- Bancatakaful (strategic partnership with reputable banks).
- 3. Competitive Advantage
- Surplus as a marketing tool.

g) Retakaful:

- * Adequate retakaful protection .
- * First class security.
- Priority to Retakaful operators .
- Dealing with Conventional Reinsurers subject to SSB's approval:
- No ceding commission (net rate).
- No interest rate on reinsurers' reserves .

Investment:

- * Investment function is essential for the benefit of Shareholders and Policyholders .
- * Must be Sharia' compliant and approved by the SSB.
- * Must comply with investment requirements as per governing law/s.
- * Separate and independent entity within the organization to manage investment .
- * Adoption of prudent investment policies and strategies appropriate to the nature of each of the Policyholders' Funds and the Shareholders' funds available for investment.

Conclusion

The ability to set up a successful and credible takaful company is very mush reliant on :

- The existence of supportive regulations and prudential policies.
- Sound corporate governance and efficient operating infrastructure.
- Qualified, committed and dedicated management.
- Prudent investment policies and strategies .

